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Motivic Segal conjecture.

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Joint with Gregersen-Kylling-Rognes-Østvær.

I. Classical story.

$$\text{Atiyah: } [BG, \mathbb{Z} \times BV] \xleftarrow{\sim} \widehat{\text{Rep}(G)}_I^{\wedge}.$$

G finite complex repr. ring

I is the kernel of
the rank map $\text{Rep}(G) \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}$.

What about $[BG, \mathbb{Z} \times B\mathbb{Z}_G]$ or, motivated by Barnet-Petridis-Quiroga,
 $[BG, QS^0]$,

since $QS^0 \cong \Omega^\infty \Sigma^\infty S^0$. We get maps from finite G -sets.

Get a map

$$A(G) \rightarrow [BG, QS^0]$$

↑
Borel construction
of finite G -sets.

Call this the weak
Segal conjecture.

Segal conjectured that $A(G)_I^{\wedge} \cong [BG, QS^0]$ for G finite,
 I the augmentation ideal, kernel of the map counting points.

Henceforth, everything is stable.

$$A(G) \cong \pi_0^G(\$), \text{ equivalent to } \pi_0.$$

$$[BG, QS^0] \cong \pi_0^G(F(EG_+, \$)) \cong \pi_0(\$^{hG}).$$

Segal conjecture uphanded: $\$^G \longrightarrow \hG equivalent after
completion at the augmentation ideal.

Ex. $G = C_p$, this is equivalent to showing it is an \cong
after p -completion.

Rezn. $\mathbb{S}^{C_p} \simeq \mathbb{S}^v BC_p$ Tom-Dock splitting.

$\mathbb{S}^{hC_p} \simeq DBC_p$.

This conjecture is known.

C_2 Lichtenbaum.

C_p Gunawardena,

C_p Ravenel.

$(C_p)^{**}$ Adams - Gunawardena - Miller.

Ganechour Carlson.

II. Motivic homotopy theory.

S base (probably noetherian) scheme.

G , order invertible in S .

$$Sm_S^G \quad P(Sm_S^G)_* \xrightarrow{\textcircled{1}} Spc_*(S) \\ \textcircled{2} \downarrow \text{stabilize} \quad Spt^G(S)$$

① A motivic G -space is a presheaf which is A^1 -invariant and $W_{\leq 0}$ -excisive.

~~■~~ $\mathcal{F}(X \times A^1) \simeq \mathcal{F}(X)$

Wittgenstein excision...

② V a G -vector bundle on S .

Motivic representation sphere $T^V = V/V \otimes S$.

Now, stabilize w.r.t. all of these.

Enough to stabilize w.r.t. the regular rep. sphere T^P .

$X \in Spt^G(S)$

Ordinary motivic spectra.

$$X^{hG} = \lim_G X \simeq F(E.G_+, X)^G$$

$$E.G = \left(\dots G \times G \times G \xrightarrow{=} G \times G \xrightarrow{=} G \right)$$

More interesting

$$\mathbb{E}G(\omega) := \begin{cases} + & \omega \text{ has fixed point,} \\ \not\in & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

Thm. $\mathbb{E}G/G \simeq BG$.

↑

Geometric classifying space, Morel-Voevodsky, Totaro.

"Improved" homotopy fixed points

$$F(\mathbb{E}G_+, X)^G.$$

Get a square

$$X^G \longrightarrow F(\mathbb{E}G_+, X)^G \longrightarrow X^{hG}.$$

Conjecture. (Motivic Segal).

$$\pi_{+,+} \mathbb{S}^G \longrightarrow \pi_{+,+} F(\mathbb{E}G_+, \mathbb{S})^G$$

or ∞ . after suitable completion.

Thm (GLKRP). Let $S = \text{spur}(k)$, k a field,

char $k \neq 2$, $\#\{k^\times/k^{\times 2}\} < \infty$. Then,

$$\tilde{\pi}_{+,+}(\mathbb{S}^{C_2}) \cong \tilde{\pi}_{+,+} F(\mathbb{E}C_2, \mathbb{S})^{C_2}.$$

Completion w.r.t. $2, \eta$.

Note. $\mathbb{S}^{C_2} \simeq \mathbb{S} \vee BC_2$

Motivic Thom-Duck splitting.

$$F(\mathbb{E}C_2, \mathbb{S}) \simeq D(C_2)$$

Gepner-Hiller.

Outline of proof.

1) Noticing Tate diagram.

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} \mathbb{E} C_{2+} \wedge_{C_2} X & \longrightarrow & X^{C_2} & \longrightarrow & (\tilde{\mathbb{E}} C_2 \wedge X)^{C_2} \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ \mathbb{E} C_{2+} \wedge_{C_2} X & \longrightarrow & F(\mathbb{E} C_{2+}, X)^{C_2} & \longrightarrow & [\tilde{\mathbb{E}} C_2 \wedge F(\mathbb{E} C_{2+}, X)]^{C_2} \end{array}$$

$$\tilde{\mathbb{E}} C_2 = \text{cofib}(\mathbb{E} C_{2+} \rightarrow S^0)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbb{E} C_2 &= \underset{\text{sign map}}{\text{cofib}} A(n\sigma) \backslash \{0\} \Rightarrow \tilde{\mathbb{E}} C_2 \simeq T^{\sim n\sigma} \\ A(n\sigma) &= A^n, \quad x \mapsto -x \end{aligned}$$

Then (Gepner-Heller).

- 1) $\Phi^{C_2}(T^{\sim n\sigma}) \simeq T^{\sim n} Y^{C_2}$.
- 2) $(\mathbb{E} C_{2+} \wedge X)^{C_2} \simeq \mathbb{E} C_{2+} \wedge_{C_2} X$.

Plug in $X = S$. Find a nullhomotopy

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \emptyset^{C_2} & \longrightarrow & S \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ F(\mathbb{E} C_{2+}, S) & \longrightarrow & \lim_n \Sigma L_{-n}^\infty \end{array}$$

$$\text{where } L_{-n}^\infty = \mathbb{E} C_{2+} \wedge_{C_2} T^{\sim n\sigma},$$

$$L^\infty = BC_{2+}.$$

So, to prove the theorem, can study $S \longrightarrow \lim_n \Sigma L_{-n}^\infty$.

2) Inverse limit of Adams s.s. for each n .

$$\mathrm{Ext}_A \left(H_{\text{mot}}^{*,+} (\Sigma L_{-n}), M_2 \right) \Rightarrow \tilde{\pi}_{*,+} (\Sigma L_{-n})$$

↑
Motivic Steenrod algebra

Inverse limit of these gives

$$\mathrm{Ext}_A \left(H_{\text{cont}}^{*,+} (\Sigma L_{-\infty}), M_2 \right) \Rightarrow \tilde{\pi}_{*,+} (\Sigma L_{-\infty}).$$

3) Motivic stage construction

$$R_+ : A\text{-mod} \longrightarrow A\text{-mod}$$

$$R_+(\mathcal{M}) \longrightarrow \mathcal{M} \quad - \text{ Tor-equivalence.}$$

$$M_2 \cong H_{\text{mot}}^{*,+} (\text{pt}).$$

$$4) H_{\text{cont}}^{*,+} (L_{-\infty}) \cong H^{*,+} (BC_{2+}) [y^{-1}],$$

y Euler class of sign rep.

Also, $R_+(M_2) \cong \Sigma H_{\text{cont}}^{*,+} (L_{-\infty})$.

thus gives

5) Conclude.

$$\mathrm{Ext}_A (M_2, M_2) \Longrightarrow \tilde{\pi}_{*,+} (S)$$

$\left| \begin{array}{c} \cong \text{ from Motivic} \\ \text{stage construction.} \end{array} \right.$

$$\mathrm{Ext}_A (R_+(M_2), M_2) \Longrightarrow \tilde{\pi}_{*,+} (\Sigma \hat{L}_{-\infty})$$